

Sunflower Scotland SCIO

Registered charity number SC052092 5 South Charlotte Street, Edinburgh, EH2 4AN United Kingdom https://sunflowerscotland.co.uk

Equal Opportunities Statement

Purpose

SUNFLOWER SCOTLAND SCIO (Sunflower/Organisation) is an equal opportunity employer. The Organisation is committed to equality of opportunity and to providing a service and following practices which are free from unfair and unlawful discrimination.

The personal commitment of every employee to this policy and application of its principles are essential to eliminate discrimination and provide equality throughout the Organisation.

The Organisation is committed to being a successful, caring and welcoming place for all employees and volunteers. We want to create a supportive and inclusive environment where our team members can reach their full potential, without prejudice and discrimination. We are committed to a culture where respect and understanding is fostered, and the diversity of people's backgrounds and circumstances will be positively valued.

Equality of opportunity, valuing diversity and compliance with the law is to the benefit of all individuals in our Organisation as it seeks to develop the skills and abilities of its people. While specific responsibility for eliminating discrimination and providing equality of opportunity lies with managers and supervisors, individuals at all levels have a responsibility to treat others with dignity and respect.

Through this policy and procedure and the training and development of managers and staff, the organisation will do all it can to promote good practice in this area in order to eliminate discrimination and harassment as far as is reasonably possible. The Organisation will also continue to work towards its dedicated goal of encouraging and promoting equality and diversity within the workforce.

Policy

The Organisation has various roles (trustees, humanitarian volunteers, fundraisers, programme managers) and may set up new roles from time to time. Each role requires certain professional characteristics such as qualifications, experience and/or skills.

By applying this this policy the Organisation ensures that no applicant or member of staff, who possesses the required professional characteristics for a specific role, receives less favourable treatment on the grounds of age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy or maternity, race, religion or belief, sex or sexual orientation, or is disadvantaged by

conditions or requirements which cannot be shown to be relevant to performance. It seeks also to ensure that no person is victimised or subjected to any form of bullying or harassment.

For each role, the Organisation will assess and treat new applicants and members of staff solely based on their professional characteristics and performance, and not on their protected characteristics.

Aim

The policy aims to achieve equality by removing any potential discrimination in the way that our employees are treated by fellow employees or the Organisation, including:

- · people with disabilities
- · people of different sexual orientations
- · transgendered and transsexual people
- · people of different races
- people on the grounds of their sex
- those of faith and of no faith
- in relation to their age
- in relation to their social class or medical condition
- people who work part-time
- those who are married or in a civil partnership
- · women who are pregnant, have recently given birth or are breastfeeding.

Discrimination can be either direct or indirect discrimination. Some of the above are protected characteristics under the Equality Act 2010 and discrimination is prohibited unless there is a legal exception under the Equality Act.

Direct discrimination

This is where someone is treated less favourably due to one (or more) protected characteristics. It can be intentional or unintentional discrimination. Occasionally the discrimination may occur due to a protected characteristic of another person, so the discrimination may be because of association. An example is an advert for a job that requires 'men only' or 'under 30s only'.

Indirect discrimination

This is where someone is disadvantaged by an apparently neutral provision, criterion or practice (PCP) that is applied 'across the board' or 'equally across a particular group'. The PCP may have the consequence (usually unintended) of causing a disadvantage, which then actually affects somebody. For example, a PCP relating to clothing or headwear could be applied 'equally' but may cause someone with a protected characteristic to be disadvantaged. The PCP could be justified if it is a proportionate means of achieving a legitimate aim.

Victimisation

This is not the same as the common meaning of victimisation but is specifically regarding treating someone less favourably because they have complained about or given information about discrimination or harassment, either regarding themselves or someone else.

Harassment

The Equality Act 2010 applies to how employees treat fellow employees, visitors, suppliers and former employees. The Act also applies to customers/clients.

Document version control

Version number	Change or update	Date	Author or owner
1.0	First version		scvo
2.0	Adaptation for Sunflower	07/09/2025	O Dmitriev